Abandonment of female infants, 154, 170, 172–173, 249, 252. See also Adoption; Female mortality
Abduction. See also Trafficking
Abduction of women and girls, 76, 203, 214–215, 240
Abeel, David, 143
Abortion, 108, 154n.85. See also Sex-selective abortion
Adoption, 140, 167, 168, 170
Agriculture
gender roles in, 10–11, 19, 155
AIDS. See HIV/AIDS
Alcohol abuse. See Drug and alcohol abuse
All India Institute of Medical Sciences, 109
Amniocentesis, 110
Animal studies, 188–189
Antisocial behavior, 193–195. See also Intraracial violence
more prevalent in unmarried men, 195–198
Assam region, 116. See also India
Australia
labor colonies in, 191–192n.16
Banditry, 211, 215–216, 222, 225
Banister, Judith, 176, 178t., 248
Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP), 257–258
Bare branches See also Surplus young men
Chinese term defining, 4, 187–188, 210
Bachelors/bachelorhood. See Unmarried men
Battered women, 243–244
Bedis, 82. See also Punjab
Beijing University Demography Institute, 249, 253
Betzig, Laura, 202
Bihar region, 116, 119, 125. See also India
Birth order
abandonment of lower birth-order girls, 170
female mortality and infanticide related to, 166t., 173, 177
marriagability of sons of related to, 189, 212–213
Black Flag Army, 225
Black market. See Abduction; Trafficking
Book of Songs, 138
Boone, James, 187, 189, 201, 213
Bossen, Laurel, 132–133
Boxer Rebellion, 137, 225
Brahmans (caste), 69, 82. See also Caste system
Bride burnings, 121
Bride capture, 72, 204n.69
Bride-price systems, 11, 72
British colonial governments. See Colonial India; Colonial Taiwan
Brothels. See Prostitution
Buddhist culture in China, 13–14
Caste system, 255. See also Rajput caste; and by name of caste female infanticide associated with, 75–76, 84–85, 88–89 high sex ratios interacting with, 77, 78, 84, 97–100, 100t., 214–216 promoting hypergyny, 17–19, 70–71, 76 scheduled castes, 97, 100–101
Celibacy, 18, 189
Census and population data. See also Future trends; Tables—statistical colonial census in India, 80–83 politicization of statistics in China, 174–175, 186 population measures in India, 106–108, 238 current populations of China and India, 4, 143 registration system in China, 143–144 underreporting of births, 143–144, 146–147, 167, 197
Census Bureau, U.S. International Database, 176, 178t., 186
Chandigarh high sex ratios in, 94, 95t., 104, 105t.
Chang Chuo-shih, 141n.38
Chattel market for women. See Abduction; Trafficking
Chen Sheng Li, 251–252
Chen Shengsao, 219
Chen, Walter, 219–220
Chen Yijun, 253
Chia Piao, 141n.38
Child brides, 204–205
China—historic through nineteenth century. See also Colonial Taiwan; Hupei region; Qing dynasty; Song dynasty, and by dynasties Boxer Rebellion, 137, 225
Female Infanticide Act of 1870, 86, 87 female infanticide during, 136–137, 137, 142–143, 147, 206n.79 Han culture, 164, 243 Nien Rebellion, 208–212 registration system, 143–144 sex ratios during, 143–144, 145t., 147 Shaolin fighting monks, 223–224 surplus males as eunuchs in, 221–223
China, People’s Republic of accession to the World Trade Organization, 258–259 authoritarian regimes n, 202 demographic projections for, 250n.94 family planning written into the constitution, 152–153 gender equality of goal of the revolution, 148–150 geography and provinces of, 133m. Kiangsi Soviet period, 149 population policies (See also One-child policy), 173–175 State Planning and Population Commission, China, 253–254 surplus young men in, 131–132, 212, 226–227 transition to capitalism, 232 unemployment rate in, 232–234, 258
Civil Registration System (CRS), India, 106–107
Cixi, Empress Dowager, 132
Clan system, 135, 140–141
Clark, Shelley, 118
Class system, 147
Coale, Ansley, 151
Coale, Ansley, and Judith Banister, 169, 170
Code of Manu, 13, 70, 72–73. See also Hinduism
Colonial India
British attempts to eliminate, 86, 87, 89–90
census of, 80–83
early observations of female infanticide in, 77–83
female infanticide in, 75–76, 77–83, 216n.122
high sex ratios in, 81–82, 87t.
Colonial Taiwan
ban on family emigration to, 220
as a frontier region, 207, 217–219
Heaven and Earth Society of, 219–220
High sex ratio and social turbulence in, 217, 218, 219n.129, 220, 220–221, 243
Concubinage, 137, 144, 209, 250
Confirmatory approach, 5
Confucious. See also Neo-Confucianism
religious teachings of, 134–135
Cong Jun, 246–247
Contemporary high-sex ratios. See High-sex ratios—contemporary
Corbett, John, and Dennis Blasco, 257
Cultural matrilineage, 8
Corruption, 207
Courtwright, David, 195, 197, 198, 207, 256
Cradle Baby Scheme, India, 249
Criminality. See also Intrasocial violence; Trafficking
banditry, 211, 215–216, 222, 225
organized crime, 236, 239
Crooke, William, 214
Cultural values, 251–252, 253
Dadra, 94, 95t.
Daly, Martin, and Margo Wilson, 188–189
Daman, 94, 95t., 104
Das Gupta, Monica, 117, 119–120
Das Gupta, Monica, and P.N. Mari Bhat, 118
Daughters. See also Dowry; Gender equity initiatives; Son preference; Status of women
antifemale bias affecting, 119–120
government initiatives to honor families with, 246
presenting vulnerabilities for families with, 7–8, 16–19, 84–85
reciprocal exchange of, 10
Davis, Fei-ling, 224
Delhi
a major center for prenatal testing, 110
Demography Institute
Beijing University, 249, 253
Dickemann, Mildred, 107
theory of hypergyny, 17n.27, 18, 221
Diu, 94, 95t.
Divale, William T., and Marvin Harris, 202n.61
Dowry. See also Marriage; Daughters
costs associated with devaluation of daughters, 10, 72, 73, 83, 204
efforts to reduce or cap, 77, 88, 255
increasing demands for in traditional China, 136–137, 139
Dowry deaths, 121
Dreze, Jean, and Reetika Khera, 240–241
Drug and alcohol abuse
prevalent among surplus young men, 197–198, 230, 237
Duan Chenguang, 236
Duby, Georges, 213
Duncan, Jonathan, 77–78
Dynastic period. See China—historic through nineteenth century
Dyson, Tim, 90
Eberstadt, Nicholas, 243
Economic fragility
offspring sex selection associated with, 6, 9–12
periods of famine, 11–12, 143
resource allocation and, 146–147, 177, 261
Educational level
hypergyny and, 231–232
lower among surplus young men, 21, 188–189n.6, 210
of mothers, higher levels associated with less antifemale bias, 119–120, 167, 177, 179, 252
Eight Trigrams Rebellion, 225
Ekdas (exchange marriage circles), 19, 88, 255
Environmental security, 2–3
Equality. See Gender equality
Ethnic violence
in colonial Taiwan, 219n.129
in India, 202, 257–258
Eunuchs, 221–223
Exogamy, 15–16
Family composition preferences, 117, 139–140, 170
Family disruption
associated with masculinized sex ratios, 200–201n.54
Family planning policies in China, 152–153, 171, 246–247. See also One-child policy
Famine, 11–12, 143
Female genital mutilation, 8
Female infanticide. See also High sex ratio; Infanticide
in colonial India, 75–76, 77–83, 216n.122
in contemporary China, 154, 167
factors leading to, 6, 7–8, 9–12, 186
history of in China, 206n.79, 147
history of in India, 65–67, 74–79
laws against in China, 139, 141, 154, 173, 246–248, 249–250
laws against in India, 248–249
methods and practices of, 85, 172
prevalent among Rajput (higher) caste, 214–216
related to high sex ratios, 94, 187
Female Infanticide Act of 1870, 86, 87
Female mortality. See also Female infanticide; Gendered mortality rates
in China, 147, 175–179
dearth by fire, 72, 121
life expectancy in India, 121–122
Female suicide rates of, 6, 203, 205, 252
Females, valuation or devaluation of. See Status of women
Fertility
Chinese surveys of, 164–165, 166n.98
decrease in related to son preference, 167, 186
infanticide increasing the likelihood, 7
natural controls of, 9
Fertility rates, 166n.98, 203
High sex ratio as, 97, 98t.
and infant mortality rates, 117–119
“Floater males,” 189. See also Surplus young males
Foot binding, 8
Fragile subsistence systems. See Economic fragility
Frontier regions, 207, 217–219
colonial Taiwan, 207, 217–219
India’s “Wild West,” 239–241
male outposts, 191
Fu K’ang-an, 220
Fukien Province. See also China
female infanticide in dynastic period, 206n.79, 223–224
Future trends
population projections for China, 182t., 183t., 184t., 185t.
population projections for India, 123–125
of sex ratios in Asia, 263
of surplus young men in China, 181, 183–186
Gender composition of siblings, 117, 139–140, 170

Gendered mortality rates, 6, 113–116, 146, 175–179, 178t. See also Infant mortality; Life expectancy; Suicide

lifetime survival ratios, 127

male/female comparisons, 6, 123t., 126–127t., 128t., 147

related to high sex ratios, 187

Gender equality

historic traditions of in Asia, 72, 75, 133–134

Gender equality initiatives

in China, 142, 245–246, 250

efforts to reduce or cap dowries, 77, 88, 255

encouraging ekdas (exchange marriage circles), 19, 88, 255

incentive structures to attain, 246, 253

in India, 246, 248–249, 255

as an unrealized goal of the communist revolution, 148–150

Gender inequality, 3–4, 121–122. See also Daughters; Son preference; Status of men; Status of women

antifemale bias, 140–141, 154–155

devaluation of females, 4, 20, 113–116, 140–141, 155

discriminatory policies, 91, 101

offspring sex selection a consequence of, 186

persisting in China despite revolutionary reforms, 149–152

in resource allocation, 115–116, 146–147, 261

Genso Mishimara, 226

Gilder, George, 197

Goldstone, Jack, 244–245

Goodkind, Daniel, 186

Goodman, Ellen, 251


Guangxi

high sex ratios in, 157, 158t., 160t., 161t.

Guizhou region, 156, 158t., 161t.

Han culture, 164, 243

Han Fei, 139

Haryana, 241. See also India

Heaven and Earth Society, 219–220

High sex ratios. See also Missing females; Unmarried men


associated with lower status of women, 202–203, 264

authoritarian regimes associated with, 202

fertility rates associated with, 97

future projections of, 123–125, 124t., 182t., 183t., 184t., 185t., 263

greater family disruption associated with, 200–201n.54

in history (See China—historic through nineteenth century; Colonial India; Colonial Taiwan)
musculinization of sex ratios, 4–5, 200–201n.54, 239–240

statistical tables showing (See Tables)

warfare associated with, 201–202, 202n.61

—contemporary, 229, 263, 264

in China, 131–132, 151–152, 156, 172, 180t., 212, 261–262

in India, 65, 87t., 89t., 90–94, 98–99t., 108t., 109t., 111, 122–125, 125, 129, 262

—factors contributing to, 187, 204n.69.

See also Dowry; Economic fragility; Hypergyny; Military invasion
gender roles in agriculture, 10–11, 19, 155

gender status (See Daughters; Son preference; Status of men; Status of women)
patriloc residence, 121, 204

Hinduism

aspects of related to devaluation of women, 12–13, 66, 67, 69–71, 75, 77

the Code of Manu, 13, 70, 72–73

the Vedas, 67, 72, 75
HIV/AIDS, 238, 255
Homer-Dixon, Thomas F., 5
Homosexuality, 205–206
Hsu Wen-hsuing, 217
Huaipei region. See also China
  banditry and warfare characterizing, 210–211
  female infanticide in, 208–209
  severe conditions of early nineteenth century, 208
  surplus young men as “bare branches” in, 209–210
Hull, Terence, 151–152
Human sacrifice, 85
Human security, 1–2, 3. See also Security of societies
Hupei, 143–144
Hypergyny. See also Marriage
  caste system promoting, 17–19, 70–71, 76
  defined, 17, 188
  educational level and, 231–232
  female infanticide associated with, 75–76
  resulting in surplus males, 188
  social basis of, 15–17
Hypermascin mensine protest, 209–210
Impurity, 13, 18, 70, 71, 74, 75, 79–80
India
  caste system in. See Caste system
during colonial period (See Colonial India)
geography and regions of (See also by Name), 66, 67, 68m., 69–70, 69m., 97, 116
  high sex ratios in contemporary, 65, 87t., 89t., 90–92, 108t., 109t., 111, 122–125, 129, 262
  history of offspring sex selection in, 65–67, 77, 89–90
Moghul empire in, 67
  northern regions of, 97, 98t., 102t., 118
  population projections for, 123–125, 126–127t., 128t.
  populations measures in, 106–108, 238
religous factors related to sex selection in, 67, 69–71
sectarian violence in, 202, 257–258
sex ratios varying by region, 93–94
“Wild West” of, 239–241
—government of
  National Family Health Survey, 74
  National Health Survey, 116
  Registrar General, 91, 113
Infanticide. See also Female infanticide
  history of in China, 138
  laws against in China, 139, 141, 154n.86, 246–248, 249–250
  non-sex-selective, 9, 139–140
  one-child policy and, 171–173
  passive infanticide, 116–117, 147
  penalties against in China, 140–141, 251
Infant mortality
  differences by gender, 6, 113–116, 146, 175–179, 178t.
  high rates of corresponding to high sex ratios, 120–121
Inflagulation, 8
Inheritance, 15, 139–140
Institute of Law, Chinese, 235
International Union for the Scientific Study of Population, 175
Interstate or intersocial conflict. See Warfare
Intrasocial violence. See also Abduction; Criminality
  antisocial behavior, 193–198
  associated with high sex ratio in China, 230, 235–236, 261
  associated with high sex ratio in India, 239–241
  demonstrated among surplus young men, 20–21, 195–197
  masculinized sex ratio linked with, 239–240
  murder rates associated with high sex ratio in India, 240–241, 242t.
  sectarian violence, 202, 257–258
  in societies with surplus young male population, 192–193, 195, 200–202, 207–208
  violence against women, 3–4, 8, 137, 240, 243–244
Inuit people, 9–10
Islam. See also Muslims
condemnation of infanticide, 14–15
in India, 67–68
Itinerants. See Transience

Jaherejas
infanticide among, 80–81
myth about female infanticide,
79–80
Japan—imperial, 18
jati (subcaste), 69, 70–71, 82, 88–89.
See also Caste system

Jeffery, Roger, and Patricia Jeffery,
109

Jewish tradition, 8, 197
João I, 213
Johansson, Sten and Olga Nygren,
170–171
Johnson, Kay, Huang Banghan, and
Wang Liyao, 170
Johnson, S., and Zhao Xuan, 170
Juvenile sex ratios in India, 104, 105t.,
106

Kanazawa, Satoshi, 196
Kao Ch'i-cho, 218
Kaplan, Robert, 211–212
Kemper, Theodore, 19
Kerala region, India, 98t., 102t.
Khond caste, 18, 84–85
Kidnapping. See Abduction
Koran
condemning infanticide, 14n.25
Kristof, Nicholas, 172
Kristof, Nicholas, and Sheryl
WuDunn, 13, 153n.83
Kundu, Amitabh, and Mahesh Sahu,
91

Laffey, Emma, 225
Lavely, William, 169
Law on Population and Family
Planning (2002), China, 254
Lee, James, C. Campbell, and Goufu
Tan, 146–147
Lee, James, and Wang Feng, 208
Li Ji, 204
Li Xiaorang, 154, 173

Li Yongpring and Gao Ling, 167
Life expectancy
differential rates of in China, 146
differential rates of in India,
121–122, 123t.
Lifetime survival ratios, 127
Literacy rates, 119–120
Little, Daniel, 209
Liu Yung-fu, 225
Lu, Empress, 136
Luohanjiao (Taiwanese slang expres-
sion), 219

Madhya Pradesh
low literacy rates in, 119
offspring sex selection in, 100t.,
102t., 104, 105t., 106, 116, 125
Mahabharata, 72
Mahadevan, K., and R. Jayasree, 246
Maharashtra, 111
Male/female ratios. See Sex ratios
Male groups, 197, 201. See also Sur-
plus young men
antisocial behavior associated with,
193–194
“bachelor herd,” 188–189
bachelor subcultures, 190–191,
199–200, 210
frontier outposts, 191
male labor colonies, 191,
191–192n.16, 199–200
Male sex hormones, 192–193, 192n.18,
195–196, 200
Male structural dominance, 121, 204,
205

Manusamhita. See Code of Manu
Mao Zedong, 149
Maps
female infanticide during Song and
Qing dynasties, 148m.
geography and provinces of China,
133m.
geography and regions of India,
68m., 69m.
Marital status. See Unmarried men
Marriage. See also Bride capture;
Dowry; Hypergyny
age of consent to, 204
arranged marriage, 135
Marriage (continued)
caste status affecting, 70–71, 77, 79–80, 84
eexistence of in China, 254–255n.107
legal age for in China, 153
—postmarital residency
patrilocal residence, 121, 204
uxorilocal residence, 254–255n.107
Marriage Law of 1949, China, 250
Marriage Law of 2001, China, 154, 250
Martial arts, 224
Masculinization of sex ratios. See
High sex ratios
Matrilineal inheritance, 19
Mazur, Allan, and Alan Booth, 196
Mazur, Allan, and Joel Michalek, 195–197, 199
Medical Registration System (MRS), India, 106
Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act (1971), India, 108
Medieval period
itinerant males in, 192n.17
surplus young men in Portugal during, 201, 212–214
Men
age of and behavioral differences in, 194
surplus population of. See Surplus young men
Messner, Steven F., and Robert J. Sampson, 200–201n.54
Methodology, 5–6
Migration
male emigration related to high sex ratios, 93, 104
violence against migrant women, 243–244
Military invasion, 74
Muslim invasions of India, 67, 74, 76
Offspring sex selection associated with, 6–9, 75–77, 79
Military service. See also Warfare
negative effects from, 256
surplus young men involved in, 210–211, 215, 221, 256
Miller, Barbara D., 15, 253
Ming dynasty, 226
laws against female infanticide during, 141
prevalence of dowry competition during, 137
sex ratios during, 143–144
Miscarriages, 108
Missing females. See also Female mortality; High sex ratios; Offspring-sex selection
in colonial India, 81–82, 87, 125–129
in contemporary Asia, 229
in contemporary China, 156–157, 159t., 160–161t., 162–163t., 179
in contemporary India, 94, 95–96t., 97, 98–99t., 100t., 101, 102–103t., 104, 122–125
in historic China, 144
scarcity of women, 203
Mizoram, 94, 95t.
Moghul empire
in India, 67, 74, 76
invasions of India during, 67, 74, 76
Monastic orders in historic China, 223–224. See also Celibacy
Moore, Trent Wade, 165
Morality, 12–15, 255
Mortality. See Gendered mortality rates; Female mortality
Murder rates. See also Intrasocial violence
associated with high sex ratio in India, 240–241, 242t.
Murthi, Mama, Ann-Catherine Guio, and Jean Dreze, 120
Muslims. See also Islam; Moghul empire
anti-Muslim violence in India, 257–258
female infanticide among some groups, 83
invasions of India by, 67, 74, 76, 79
Nagra Haveli, 94, 95t.
National Health Survey, India, 116
National security
human/environmental aspects of, 1–3, 21, 263
Neo-Confucianism, 137
Nien Rebellion, 208–212, 261. See also China; Taiping Rebellion

Nobility
female infanticide among, 147, 148m.
female infanticide among higher castes, 214–216
younger sons often without marriage opportunities, 189, 212–213

Nonreproducing males. See Celibacy; Unmarried men

Normal sex ratios
in autonomous regions of China, 156, 158t., 161t., 164
viewed as a public good, 253
North India, 97, 98t., 102t., 118
Nunneries, 18. See also Celibacy

Offspring sex selection. See also Female infanticide; Female mortality; High-sex ratios; Sex-selective abortion
birth order related to, 166t., 173, 177
costs of dowry associated with, 10, 72, 73, 83, 204
during times of military invasion, 6–9, 75–77, 79
family composition preferences related to, 117, 139–140, 170
gender inequality leading to (See also Gender inequality), 140–141, 154–155, 186
harsh economic factors associated (See also Economic fragility), 6, 9–12
religious influences related to, 12–15, 67, 69–71, 142

Old-age pensions, 256
Oldenburg, Philip, 240
One-child policy
of the Chinese government, 152–154, 173
efforts to modify, 19–20, 253–254
exceptions to, 153, 164
high sex ratio associated with, 154–157, 165, 171n.118
one-child certificate, 165–166
related to infanticide, 171–173
One-per-THousand fertility survey, China, 164–165
Oudh. See also India; Uttar Pradesh
caste system and sex ratio in, 77, 78, 84, 214–216

Overreporting of births, 169. See also Underreporting of births
Oviduct ligation, 169
Ownby, David, 208, 209–210, 226

Pakistan
high-sex ratios in, 263
Pakrasi, Kanti, 76
Panigrahi, Lalita, 76
Passive infanticide, 116–117, 147
Patrilocal residence, 121, 204. See also Male structural dominance

Polynesia
out-migration of surplus males from, 221

Population. See also Census data
of China, 4, 143
of India, 4
projections for China, 182t., 183t., 184t., 185t.
projections for India, 123–125, 126–127t., 128t.
Population and Family Planning Law (2002), China, 152–153, 153n.80, 154
Population Information and Research Center, China, 164, 172
Population policies in China, 152–153, 171, 246–247. See also Migration; One-child policy
Population Reference Bureau, China, 234
Portugal—medieval surplus young nobles as “cadets” in, 201, 212–213
Potter, Sulamith Heins, 155
Primogeniture, 189, 212–213
Process-tracing techniques, 5–6
Prostitution, 255
in China, 206–207, 237–238
in India, 214–215
prevalence of in high-sex-ratio societies, 205–206
Punjab, 82, 104
Purity cult of chastity in historic China, 135
demands regarding female purity in India, 13, 18, 70, 71, 74, 75, 79–80
Qing dynasty, 211, 217
female infanticide among nobility of, 147, 148m.
prevalence of dowry competition during, 137
sex ratios during, 143–144
single-male emigration policy of, 217–219
Qi Jiqin, 137
Rajan, Irudaya, 112–113
Rajasthan
offspring sex-selection in, 77, 92t., 93t., 98t., 119, 125
Raj Kumars, 80
Rajput caste, 18, 214–215
female infanticide practiced by, 76–77, 79–80, 81, 83, 88–89
historic status, 66–67
Rajput caste. See also Jaherejas; Raj Kumars
Ramayana, 72
Rape, 240
Rebellions Boxer Rebellion, 137, 225
during colonial period in Taiwan, 217–221
in historical China, 225
Nien Rebellion, 208–212
Taiping Rebellion, 137–138, 208, 211
Red Spears Movement, 137, 225
Religious influences contributing to persistence of offspring sex selection, 12–15, 142
related to sex selection in India, 67, 69–71
Ren, Steve, 177, 180n.143
Ren Meng, 199, 232–233
Ren Yuling, 262
Reproductive strategies, 187
Resource allocation gender inequality in, 115–116, 146–147, 261
Rig Veda, 72
Risk-taking behavior, 199–200
Robinson, David M., 222, 223, 256
Rohtak Medical College, 111
Rooney, James, 191
Rozman, Gilbert, 144–145
Rural populations in China, 233–234
gender roles in agricultural work, 10–11, 19, 155
Rural vs. urban sex ratios in China, 165–166, 165f.
Sample Registration System (SRS), India, 106, 107–108
Sati (widow burning), 72
Scarcity of women classic economic principle of scarcity, 1
factors associated with (See also Offspring sex selection), 7–8, 209
leading to commodification of rather than increased value, 203
Seclusion of women, 137
Secret brotherhoods, 224–227
Sectarian violence, 202, 257–258
Security of societies, 1–3, 21, 263
Self-castration, 222
Sen, Amartya, 239–240
Sex-determination testing. See Prenatal sex-selection technologies
Sex ratios. See Offspring sex selection
Sexual equity in viewed as a public good, 253
of juveniles in India, 104, 105t., 106
masculinization of. See High-sex ratios
urban vs. rural in contemporary China, 165–166, 165f.
Sex-selective abortion, 94, 109, 246
bans on, 111
evidence for in India, 111–113
prevalence of in China, 154, 167, 171–173
related to high sex ratios, 187
underreporting of in India, 111–112
Sexual taboos, 9
Shang dynasty
status of women under, 134
Shaolin fighting monks, 223–224
Shepherd, John, 218–219
Shih-shan Tsai, Henry, 222
Sichuan
High sex ratios in, 157, 158t., 160t., 161t.
Sikhs, 82–83
Sikkim, 94, 95t.
Single-male emigration policy
during Qing dynasty, 217–219
Situ Yingyi and Liu Weizheng, 237
Sleeman, W.H.
recording female infanticide in India, 83–85, 216
Smith, Herbert et al., 174–175
Social competition, 1
Social/cultural matrilineage, 8
Social Sciences Institute, China, 235
Song dynasty
efforts to end antifemale bias during, 140–141
female infanticide during, 136–137, 139, 147–148, 148m.
increasing importance of dowry during, 136–137
status of women under, 133–134
Son preference, 247–248n.82. See also Offspring sex selection
in China, 138–139, 154–155, 167
in India, 73–74
South, Scott, and Katherine Trent, 203
Stacey, Judith, 149
State Planning and Population Commission, China, 253–254
Statistics. See Tables—statistical
Status of men
cases of high-status surplus young men, 212–213
low status associated with surplus young males, 19, 21, 188, 234
Status of women, 7, 73, 251–252. See also Gendered mortality rates;
Gender inequality
family honor and virtue affecting
(See Purity)
female suicide rates, 6, 203, 205, 252
high status during periods in Asian history, 72, 75, 133–134
history of in China, 132–138, 140–141, 144
history of in India, 72–73, 113–116
low in high-sex-ratio societies, 202–203, 264
scarcity not leading to higher status
(See Scarcity of women)
violece against women (See also Female infanticide), 3–4, 8, 137, 240, 243–244
Sterilization
oviduct ligation, 169
Subsistence, harsh conditions of. See Economic fragility
Suicide
female suicide rates, 6, 203, 205, 252
Surplus young men. See also Male groups; Unmarried men
as bare branches (nonreproducing), 187–188, 188
cases of high status, 212–213
characteristics of causing societal problems (See Drug and alcohol abuse; Intrasocial violence;
Risk-taking behavior; Transience; Unemployment rate)
in contemporary China, 131–132, 212, 226–227
Surplus young men (continued) in contemporary India, 123–124, 124t.
educational level lower among, 21, 188–189n.6, 210
future projections of in China, 181, 183–186
high sex ratios associated with, 4–5
low status associated with, 19, 21, 188, 234
personality traits associated with, 191, 199, 209–210
a theory of, 187–188, 192n.18

Tables—statistical
gender comparisons of infant mortality in China, 177t., 178t.
juvenile sex ratios in India, 105t.
life expectancy rates in India, 123t.
missing females in China, 159t., 160–161t., 162–163t.
population projections for India, 126–127t., 128t.
of sex ratio by birth order in China, 166t.
sex ratios in eighteenth- and nineteenth-century China, 145t.
sex ratios from ages 0 to 4 in China, 180t.
sex ratios at birth in China, 156t., 158t.
sex ratios at birth in India, 108t., 109t.
sex ratios by caste and tribe in India, 100t., 102–103t.
sex ratios in China during twentieth century, 151t.
sex ratios in India, 87t., 89t., 92t., 93t., 98–99t.
sex ratios and murder rates in India, 242t.
surplus young males in contemporary China, 182t., 183t., 184t., 185t.
surplus young males in contemporary India, 124t.

See also Nien Rebellion

T’ai-tsu, Emperor, 143
Taiwan. See Colonial Taiwan
Taizu, 226
Tamil Nadu region, 116
Tang dynasty
status of women under, 136
Testosterone
linked with aggression, 192n.18, 195–196, 200
Theft of women. See Abduction
Tibet
normal sex ratios in, 156, 158t., 161t., 164
Tien, H. Yuan, 155, 174
T’ien Ju-k’ang, 141, 142
Trafficking
of drugs, 255
of female infants, 205, 251
of women and children, 203–204, 214, 241
Trafficking. See also Abduction
Transience. See also Banditry
criminality associated with, 198–199, 235–238
itinerant males and vagabonds, 192n.17, 224
prevalent among surplus young men, 21, 190, 230, 234
of surplus young men in China, 230, 234
Transmigration of souls, 142
Trends. See Future trends
Tribal sex ratios in India, 100t., 101, 120
Tso Chuan, 138
“T-surge,” 192n.18

Ueda Makato, 226
Ultrasound
as a sex-determining technology, 11, 110, 171–172
Underreporting of births, 143–144, 146–147, 167, 197
reasons for in China, 167, 168–169
Underreporting of births. See also
Overreporting of births
Unemployment rate of surplus young men, 189, 230, 241, 258
linked to criminality, 197
United Nations
   Population Fund, 111
   population projections, 124, 128t., 185t.

Unmarried men. See also Male groups
   antisocial behavior more prevalent in, 195–198, 209–210
   in Huaipei region of China, 208–209
   involuntary bachelorhood due to high sex ratio, 144, 199, 209 210, 212, 213, 214, 218–219
   in medieval Portugal, 212–213
   number of in contemporary China, 179–181, 180n.143
   in Oudh Province of India, 214
   percent of in China, 231
   single-male emigration policy of Qing dynasty, 217–219
   “Untouchables,” 69. See also Caste system

Uprisings. See Revolutions

Urban populations
   of China having lower sex ratios, 164
   of India having higher sex ratios, 92t., 93–94, 93t.
   urban crime, 236–237

Urban vs. rural sex ratios
   in China, 165–166, 165f.
   high sex ratio in, 92t., 93t., 98t., 102t., 105t., 125, 216, 239

Uttar Pradesh. See also India; Oudh

Uttar Pradesh, 116, 119, 123t.

Uttaranchal. See also India
   high sex ratio in, 104, 105t., 239
   uxorilocal marriage, 254–255n.107

Vagabonds. See Transience

Varnas (caste), 69. See also Caste system

Vedas, 67, 72, 75. See also Hinduism

Vedic period, 75

Veiling of women, 135, 137

Vice. See Corruption

Violence against women, 3–4, 8, 137, 240, 243–244. See also Female infanticide

Visaria, Pravin, 90

Vishwanath, L.S., 88–89

Walker, Alexander, 78–83

Wang Shih-to, 14

Warfare. See also Military invasion;
   Military service; Revolutions
   associated with high-sex-ratio societies, 201, 202n.61, 263
   expansionist wars, 201–202, 213–214

Watson, James, 209

West Bengal
   high sex ratio among, 239

West Bengal. See also India

White Paper on Population and Development, 174

Whyte, Martin King, 249

Wife capture, 72, 204n.69

Wilson, Margo, and Martin Daly, 197, 207

Wolf, Margery, 250

Women. See Status of women

Women warriors, 134

Wong, Linda, 232

World Bank
   population projections, 124, 128t., 185t.

World Health Organization (WHO)
   study of infant mortality, 114

World Trade Organization (WTO)
   China’s accession to, 258–259

Wrangham, Richard, and Dale Peterson, 193, 200

Wright, Robert, 195, 202

Xinjiang, 156

Yuan dynasty
   laws against female infanticide during, 141
   prevalence of dowry competition during, 137

Zhejiang Province. See also China
   old age pensions instituted in, 256

Zheng Zizhen, 262

Zhou dynasty
   status of women under, 135

Zhou Rongji, Premier, 245